

WELCOME TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

IAPMO CODE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS FOR THE WATER EFFICIENCY AND SANITATION STANDARD (WE•STAND)

2020-2023



TABLE OF CONTENTS

- COMMITTEE SCOPE, RESPONSIBILITY, AND MEMBERSHIP
- CODE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS (3 STEPS)
- TECHNICAL COMMITTEE MEETING, ROBERT'S RULE OF ORDER, AND VOTING AT MEETING
- ELECTRONIC BALLOTING AND KAVI REVIEW
- GUIDELINE FOR REFERENCING STANDARDS AND PUBLICATIONS
- EXTRACT GUIDELINES
- IAPMO MANUAL OF STYLE
- IAPMO CODES WEBSITE
- QUESTIONS



COMMITTEE SCOPE AND RESPONSIBILITY

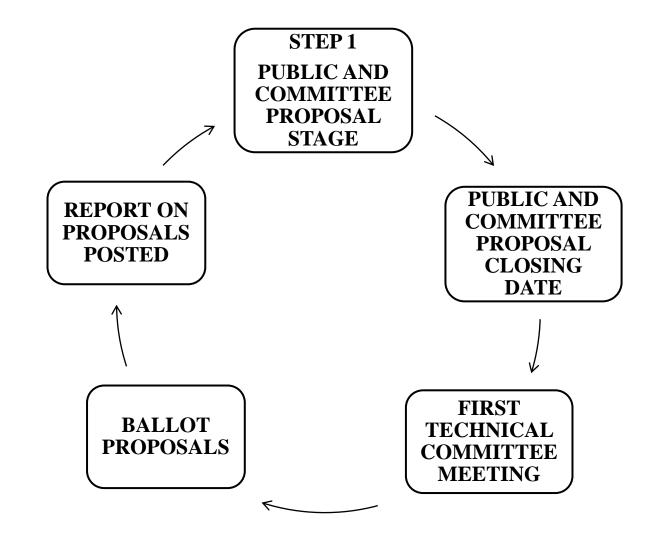
» **WE•STAND** – The Committee shall have primary responsibility of this standard to provide <u>minimum</u> requirements to optimize water use practices attributed to the built environment while maintaining protection of the public health, safety, and welfare. This standard is not intended to circumvent the health, safety, and general welfare requirements of the code.

The provisions of this standard applies to the erection, installation, alteration, repair, relocation, replacement, addition to, use, or maintenance of plumbing and mechanical systems covered by the scope of this standard within this jurisdiction.

COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

- **3.5.14.1 Appointment of Members and Their Tenure.** The Chairperson shall be appointed by the Executive Committee from the individual members of the WE•STAND Technical Committee. Each will serve until a successor is selected and ready to serve.
- **3.5.11 Termination of Membership.** The Executive Committee shall be authorized to terminate the membership of an individual on the WE•STAND Technical Committee for cause, including inactivity. A WE•STAND Technical Committee member shall be considered inactive:
- (a) For failure to return two successive ballots, or
- (b) For failure to attend at least one WE•STAND Technical Committee, Subcommittee, or Task Group meeting in a three-year period.

THE CODE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS (Step 1)



THE CODE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS (Step 1), cont.

Step 1: Public and Committee Proposal Stage

- Revision cycle begins with call for proposals asking for any interested party to submit public proposals.
- After the proposal closing date, the technical committee holds their first technical meeting.
- Committee uses the proposals in order to develop the first revisions to the standard that results in a complete integrated draft known as the Report on Proposals.
- The Report on Proposals has initial agreement by the committee based on a simple majority vote during the meeting to establish a consensus.
- The final position of the committee is established by letter ballot.



THE CODE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS (Step 1), cont.

Step 1: Public and Committee Proposal Stage (cont.)

- Committee is balloted on all proposals based on first revisions developed at TC meeting.
- Committee approved revisions are indicated through their actions and approval is based on two-thirds vote.
- Any proposal that failed to achieve the necessary two-thirds vote is noted in the Report on Proposals and reconsidered by the technical committee as an automatic public comment.
- Report on proposals consists of public input, committee input, correlating committee input, comments on committee actions, voting results from ballots, task group reports and preprint of the revised standard.

CODE DEVELOPMENT TIMELINE CALL FOR PROPOSALS

September 15, 2021

TC Meeting (Via Teleconference)

March 4, 2022

Deadline for Submission of Proposals

June 22-23, 2022

Technical Committee Meetings

July 29, 2022

Receipt of Initial Ballots; Circulation of Comments to Committee

November 1, 2021

Call for Proposals

May 16, 2022

Distribute Proposals to Committees (ROP Monograph)

July 15, 2022

Initial Ballot to Technical Committee

August 12, 2022

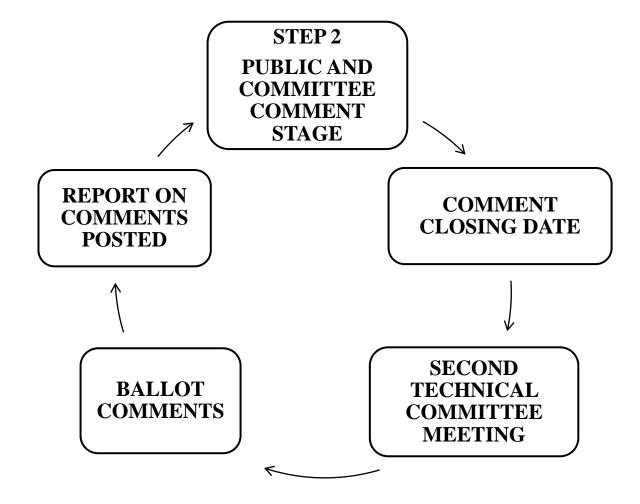
Final Closing Date for Ballots; Including Receipt of Vote Changes based on Circulation of Comments

September 23, 2022

Distribution of Report on Proposals



THE CODE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS (Step 2)



THE CODE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS (Step 2), cont.

Step 2: Comment Stage

- Public comment period begins after the Report on Proposals is published.
- Call for public comments asking for any interested party to submit public comments.
- After the public comment closing date, the Technical Committee holds second technical meeting.
- Technical Committee considers and acts on all comments directly related to the Report on Proposals.
- Committee provides action and response to each public comment and uses such comments in order to develop the Report on Comments.
- The Report on Comments has the initial agreement by the committee based on simple majority vote during the meeting in order to establish consensus.
- The final position of the committee is established by letter ballot.



CODE DEVELOPMENT TIMELINE CALL FOR COMMENTS

January 13, 2023

Deadline for Submission of Comments

May 17-18, 2023

Technical Committee Meetings

June 19, 2023

Receipt of Initial Ballots, Circulation of Comments to Committee

September 1, 2023

Distribution of Report on Comments

October 7, 2022

Call for Comments

April 3, 2023

Distribute Comments to Technical Committees (ROC) Monograph

June 5, 2023

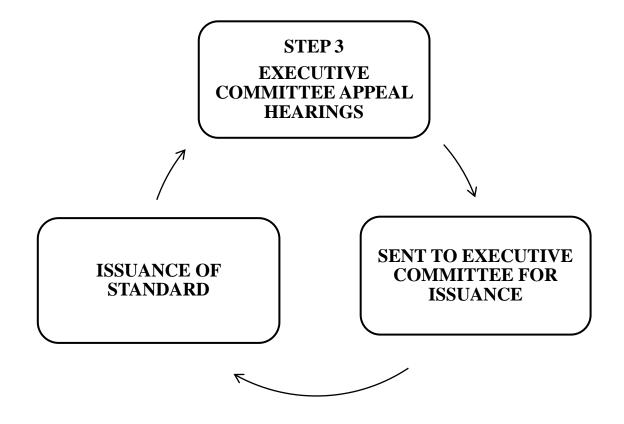
Initial Ballots to Technical Committees

June 26, 2023

Final Closing Date for Ballots; Including Receipt of Vote Changes Based on Circulation of Comments



THE CODE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS (Step 3)



IAPMO TECHNICAL COMMITTEE MEETING

WHAT MATERIALS DO I NEED?

- WE•STAND Code Book
- Technical Committee Meeting Agenda
- Monograph of Proposals/Comments
- Current Committee Roster
- Regulations Governing Consensus Development of the WE•STAND
- IAPMO Technical Committee Newsletter

IAPMO TECHNICAL COMMITTEE MEETING (cont.)

GENERAL PROCEDURES

- Members please verify/update your contact information.
- Use of tape recorders or other means capable of reproducing verbatim transcripts of this or any IAPMO meeting is not permitted.
- Members in any category who have been retained to represent the interests of another interest category with respect to a specific issue addressed by the TC shall declare those interests to the committee and refrain from voting throughout the process.
- Guests are required to sign in and identify their affiliations.
- Participation is limited to TC members or those individuals who have previously requested time to address the committee. Other participation is granted at the discretion of the Chair.

IAPMO TECHNICAL COMMITTEE MEETING (cont.)

Robert's Rules of Order apply to Parliamentary Procedures

- Beginning of Technical Meeting: Chair presents Proposals or Comments and asks for motion.
- TC member addresses Chair and receives recognition from the Chair.
- TC member states name, affiliation, exact motion and reason statement.
- Chair looks for a second of the motion, then restates the motion and reason statement.
- Chair calls for discussion, once discussion starts, restate your name and whether you are for or against the motion.
- Chair takes the vote.
- Chair announces the result of the vote.

TIPS ON ROBERTS RULES OF ORDER

- A main motion must be moved, seconded, and stated by the chair before it can be discussed.
- If you want to move, second, or speak to a motion, raise your hand and address the chair.
- If you approve the motion as is, *vote for it*.
- If you disapprove the motion, *vote against it*.
- If you approve the idea of the motion but want to change it, amend or modify it.
- If you want time to think the motion over, postpone to a certain time (Table the item).
- If you think that the committee should give further consideration to a matter already voted upon, *move that it be reconsidered*.
- If you think that further discussion is unnecessary, move the previous question or call the question.
- If a motion has several parts, and you wish to vote differently on these parts, move to divide the motion.



VOTING AT MEETING

Straw vote at Technical Committee Meeting to achieve consensus:

Technical Committee Action on **Proposals**:

Accept the proposal as submitted- The committee accepts the proposal exactly as written. Only editorial changes such as paragraph and section numbering and correction to spelling, capitalization, and hyphenation may be made.

Accept the proposal as amended by the TC- Accept the proposal with some modification. The committee action must indicate specifically what action was taken to revise the proposal.

Reject the proposal- The committee rejects the proposal. If the principle or intent of the proposal is acceptable in whole or in part, the proposal should not be rejected, it should be revised by the committee and accepted as amended. A complete reason for rejection of the proposal, technical in nature, must be supplied in the committee statement.

VOTING AT MEETING(cont.)

Technical Committee Action on Comments:

Accept the comment as submitted- The committee accepts the comment exactly as written. Only editorial changes such as paragraph and section numbering and correction to spelling, capitalization, and hyphenation may be made.

Accept the comment as amended by the TC- Accept the comment with some modification. The committee action must indicate specifically what action was taken to revise the proposal.

Reject the comment- The committee rejects the comment. If the principle or intent of the comment is acceptable in whole or in part, the comment should not be rejected, it should be revised by the committee and accepted as amended. A complete reason for rejection of the comment, technical in nature, must be supplied in the committee statement.

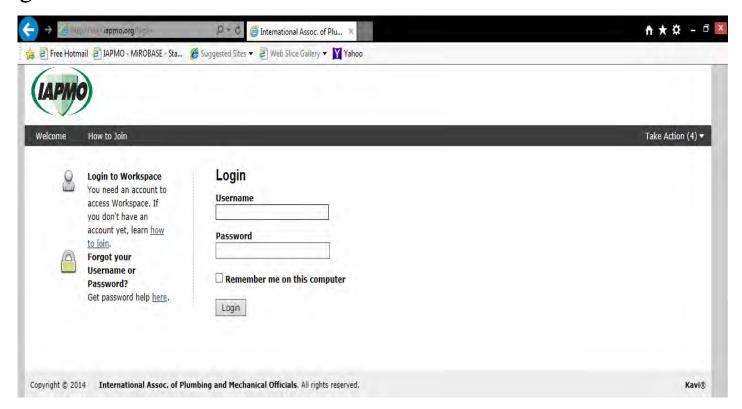
*Holding the Comment-*A comment is held until the next revision cycle if it would introduce a concept that has not had public review by being included in the ROP; would require significant change to the text that the TC would need to restudy; or would propose something that could not be properly handled within the time frame for processing the report.

VOTING (After TC Meeting)

- Voting during TC meeting is used to establish a sense of agreement (simple majority).
- Initial ballot sent to appropriate Technical Committee for review.
- Circulation of negatives and comments sent to appropriate Technical Committee for review.
- Ballots that fail letter ballot in the Report on Proposals become an automatic public comment (to solicit public input).
- Secured by letter ballot (2/3 affirmative vote).
- Results of formal ballot determine the official position of the committee.

ELECTRONIC BALLOTING

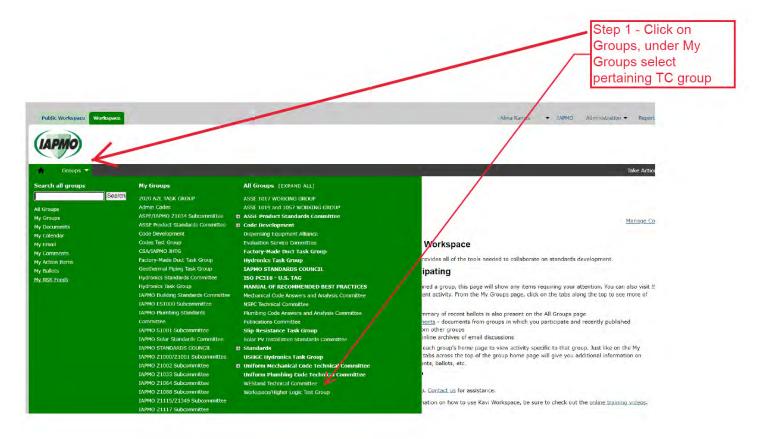
- Click link on the ballot email or go to www.kavi.iapmo.org
- Sign in with Username and Password





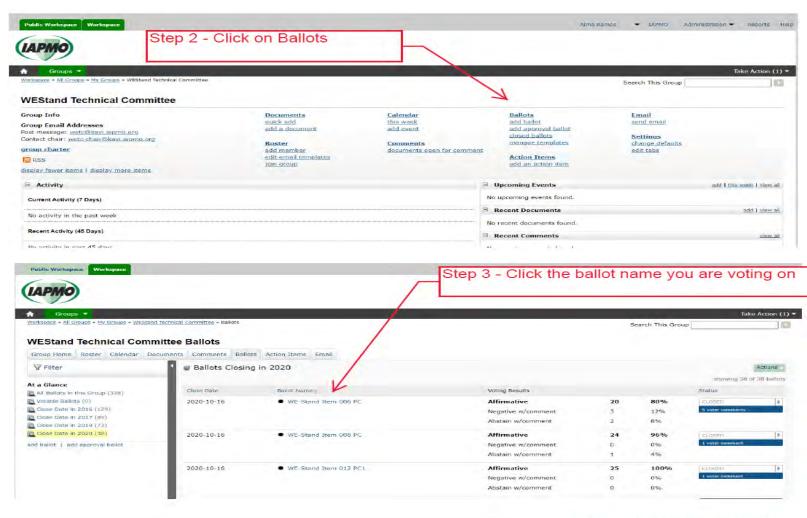
ELECTRONIC BALLOTING AND KAVI

- Click on "Groups" under "My Groups"
- Select the applicable TC Group



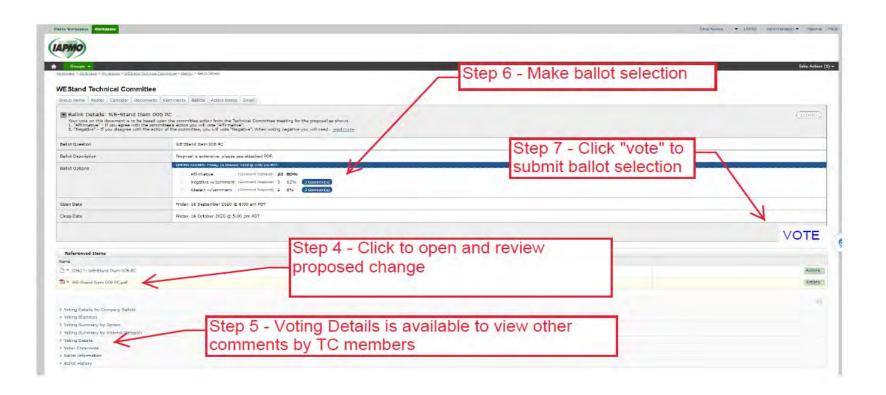
ELECTRONIC BALLOTING AND KAVI (cont.)

- Click on Ballots
- Click the ballot name that you are voting on



ELECTRONIC BALLOTING AND KAVI (cont.)

- Make selection: Affirmative, Negative or Abstain
- Must include comment on Negative or Abstain vote
- Click vote to submit selection





GUIDELINES FOR REFERENCING MANDATORY STANDARDS

- Provides guidance to TC for referencing mandatory standards.
- Scope or application must be clearly described.
- Shall be written in mandatory language.
- States specific criteria that minimize the judgment required by the users.
- Standard shall not have the effect of requiring proprietary materials.
- Standard shall not prescribe a proprietary agency for quality control or testing.

REFERENCED STANDARDS AND PUBLICATIONS

- > **Standard** A document, the main text of which contains only mandatory provisions using the word "shall" to indicate requirements and which is in a form generally suitable for mandatory reference by another standard or code or for adoption into law. Nonmandatory provisions shall be located in an appendix, footnote, or fine-print note and are not to be considered a part of the requirements of a standard.
- > Mandatory Referenced Standards in IAPMO Codes and Standards
- **15.1 General.** Mandatory standards referenced in IAPMO Codes and Standards shall be written using mandatory language and shall be identifiable by title, date or edition, and name of the developing organization. An original copy of the reference standard shall be on file at IAPMO Headquarters if not readily available from other sources.
- **15.2 Development.** Mandatory Standards referenced in IAPMO Codes and Standards shall be developed via an open process having a published development procedure. The development procedure shall include a means for obtaining divergent views, if any. The development procedure shall include a means of achieving consensus for the resolution of divergent views and objections.
- 15.3 References. Mandatory standards referenced in IAPMO Codes and Standards not complying with Section 15.2 are permitted. However, in such instances the TC shall determine that the mandatory standard is appropriate for reference. The TC shall verify the standard is written in mandatory language, is identifiable by title, date or edition, and developing organization, and that it is readily available. Any mandatory standard proposed for reference on the basis of this paragraph shall be specifically identified as not complying with Section 15.2 in a ROP or ROC.

REFERENCED STANDARDS AND PUBLICATIONS (CONT.)

- 15.4 Nonmandatory Reference Standards in IAPMO Codes and Standards. Reference standards that do not comply with Section 15.1 shall only be referenced as nonmandatory standards and shall only be included as advisory material in an IAPMO Code or Standard.
- 15.5 Nonmandatory Referenced Publications in IAPMO Guide Documents and Recommended Practices. Publications referenced in IAPMO Guide Documents and Documents establishing recommended practices shall be subject to Section 15.6.
- 15.6 Reference to Other IAPMO Documents or Documents Published by Other Organizations. When a reference is made in a Technical Committee Report to another IAPMO Document or other publications prepared by any organization, such a reference shall contain the title, date or edition, name of the developing organization and preferably the specific parts of the Document to which reference is made. TCs shall include such references only after review of such Documents or publications, satisfying themselves that the references are adequate and appropriate. An original copy of the reference Document shall be on file at IAPMO Headquarters, if not readily available from other sources

EXTRACT GUIDELINES

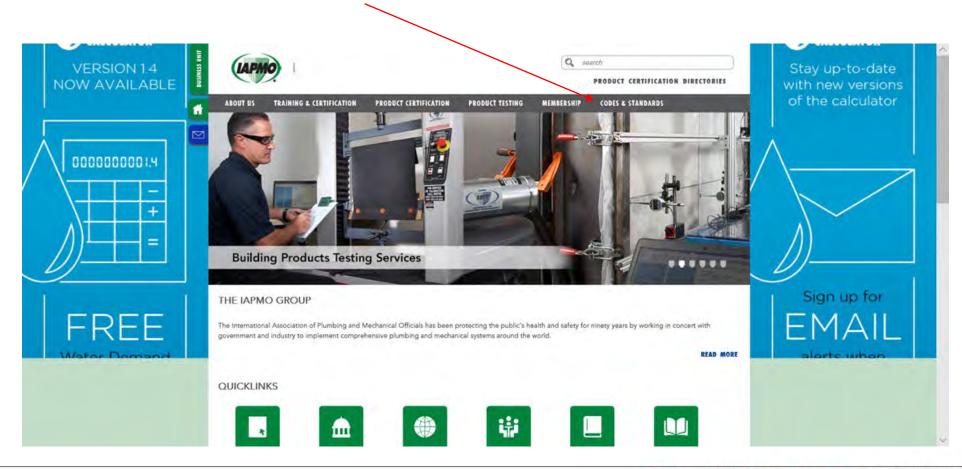
- This guideline is intended to apply to extraction among IAPMO documents, and documents between IAPMO and other ANSI-accredited standards developing organizations that are working with IAPMO to harmonize and/or coordinate their respective documents.
- Editing of the extracted text is confined only to making the style consistent with that of the document containing the extract.
- The extracted text is kept current with that of the source document.
- If the technical committee does not wish to include the updated extract, the existing extract shall be deleted from the source document.

MANUAL OF STYLE

- The purpose of this manual is to promote uniformity of form and style in IAPMO codes.
- Aids the user to find what is required and to understand the metrics of developing a standard for codes.
- Deviations from the manual of style may mean wasted time for authors, reviewers, editors, and eventually the user of the code.

IAPMO CODES WEBSITE (cont.)

- Hover over Codes & Standards
- Click on Water Efficiency Standard (WE•Stand)





IAPMO NEW WEBSITE

MAIN PAGE



WE STAND



In November 2017, IAPMO's Water Efficiency and Sanitation Standard (WE•Stand) replaced the Green Plumbing and Mechanical Code Supplement. The publication of WE•Stand is noteworthy, as it is the first-ever standard that focuses solely on achieving safe and efficient water use in both residential and non-residential buildings.

The WE•Stand Technical Committee (TC): The on-time publication of WE•Stand is a result of the excellent work of the dedicated WE•Stand TC. Comprised of 29 leading industry experts, the provisions contained in the standard reflect the centuries of collective experience and knowledge of the committee. With representation from code officials, manufacturers, plumbing engineers, contractors, the plumbing trades, water-efficiency proponents, water utilities, landscape irrigation experts, representatives of other associations and academia, the contents contained in the 2017 WE•Stand contains the latest comprehensive provisions aimed at achieving safe and reliable

water efficiencies in and around buildings. IAPMO sincerely appreciates the efforts of the WE•Stand TC!

What's in it? See below for just a few of the significant new provisions contained in the inaugural edition of WE•Stand:







CLICK TO DOWNLOAD TODAY

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS FOR WATER DEMAND CALCULATOR



IAPMO CODES WEBSITE (cont.)

- View current 2023 Timeline
- Regs for WE•Stand
- Manual of Style
- Archive lists previous code cycle documents



WE STAND / DOCUMENT INFORMATION

DOCUMENT INFORMATION

What is the 2020 WE•Stand and what does it address?

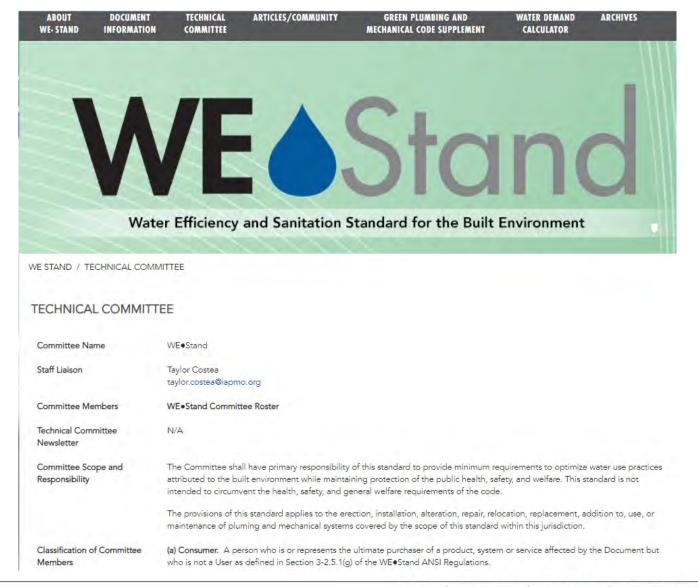
The purpose of this standard is to provide minimum requirements to optimize water use practices attributed to the built environment while maintaining protection of the public health, safety and welfare. The need for this standard is in recognition that with increasing demand, constrained infrastructure and supplies, climate change, and pervasive droughts globally, there is a critical need to reduce water consumption attributed to the built environment through conservation and reuse. With this come increased risks to public health, safety, and building systems performance. This standard provides minimum requirements that optimize built environment water use practices and corresponding provisions that maintain protection to public health, safety, and welfare.





IAPMO CODES WEBSITE (cont.)

- Committee Members
- Scope and Responsibility
- General Committee Member Information





THIS CONCLUDES OUR OVERVIEW OF IAPMO'S CODES DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

ANY QUESTIONS?

PLEASE CONTACT:

Taylor Costea – Staff Liaison

Taylor.Costea@iapmo.org